Ja Delaval

# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

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3	cientific and I echni-	cal Information Centé		•
Ga	mapathy	· <u>!</u>		
Requester's Full Name:		Examiner # : 7927)		
Art Unit. 1623 Phone Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	Number 30 5 - 48	Serial Number: \( \sigma\)	9890345	<u>8-</u>
an⇒17 . ,				-MAIL
If mor than one search is subs	*******	**************	*******	*****
Please provide a detailed statement of the Include the elected species or structures,	e search topic, and describ	e as specifically as possible the sub	ject matter to be search	ed.
utility of the invention. Define any term	s that may have a special r	neaning. Give examples or relevan	combine with the concept of citations, authors, etc.	pt·or , if
Known Please attach a conv of the cover	sheet pertinent claims or	ing cell ulose &		
Title of Invention: deriva	tives and	broducts and	mixtures	thereof
Inventors (please provide full names):	Garlle Che	auvellor; Luc	Saulnier:	,
Alain Buleon;	Jean-Fran	ncois Thibau	16	
Earliest Priority Filing Date:				
*For Sequence Searches Only* Please inclu appropriate serial number.	ide all pertinent information	(parent, child, divisional, or issued p	atent numbers) along with	h the
Search for	a proce	ess for produ	icing	
water soluk	ole cellul	ess for brodu	etate.	
(claims 1.	- H).		÷	
Ether limi	tations	in claims	5-22.	as moreone
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의 일 기	Jan Dela	aval		
	Reference L Biotechnology & Ch	emical Libera	e can	
	CM1 1E07 – 703 jan.delaval@us	C-4(1)2 AA00		
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STAFF USE ONLY	************	******	******	
Searcher:	Type of Search  NA Sequence (#)	Vendors and cost whe	re applicable	LANGE SERVICE
Searcher Phone #: 449 ×	AA Sequence (#)	Dialog		
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit		
Date Searcher Picked Up: 17 17 100	Bibliographic	Dr.Link		•
Date Completed: 12/7/00	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis		
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems		

PTO-1590 (8-01)

Patent Family

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:12:26 ON 07 DEC 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 American Chemical Society (ACS) Jan Delaval
Reference Librarian
Biotechnology & Chemical Library
CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498
jan.delaval@uspto.gov

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 6 DEC 2002 HIGHEST RN 475385-56-9 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 DEC 2002 HIGHEST RN 475385-56-9

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

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L89 ANSWER 1 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 474043-90-8 REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, sulfoacetate, barium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C2 H4 O5 S . x Ba . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only

SR CF

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 123-43-3

CMF C2 H4 O5 S

 $HO_2C-CH_2-SO_3H$ 

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:339217

L89 ANSWER 2 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 474043-89-5 REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, sulfoacetate, potassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C2 H4 O5 S .  $\times$  K .  $\times$  Unspecified

PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 123-43-3 CMF C2 H4 O5 S

 $HO_2C-CH_2-SO_3H$ 

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:339217

L89 ANSWER 3 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **286942-63-0** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, potassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN Potassium cellulose acetate sulfate

MF C2 H4 O2 . x H2 O4 S . x K . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only

SR CF

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:137001

L89 ANSWER 4 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **177931-56-5** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C2 H4 O2 . x H3 N . x H2 O4 S . x Unspecified

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 125:36155

L89 ANSWER 5 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **145268-50-4** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, sulfoacetate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Sodium cellulose sulfoacetate

MF C2 H4 O5 S . x Na . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration

```
SR CA
```

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

# \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 123-43-3 CMF C2 H4 O5 S

# $HO_2C-CH_2-SO_3H$

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:339217

REFERENCE 2: 134:223618

REFERENCE 3: 118:41009

L89 ANSWER 6 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **51910-28-2** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES:

CN Cellulose acetate sulfate sodium salt

CN Sodium cellulose acetate sulfate

DR 56508-78-2

MF C2 H4 O2 . x H2 O4 S . x Na . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

# \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

28 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
28 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:7671

REFERENCE 2: 133:137001

REFERENCE 3: 130:257341

REFERENCE 4: 130:158399

REFERENCE 5: 127:283391

REFERENCE 6: 125:36155

REFERENCE 7: 122:299105

REFERENCE 8: 121:296194

REFERENCE 9: 121:212996

REFERENCE 10: 121:164037

L89 ANSWER 7 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **9032-44-4** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Sulfocel

MF  $\,$  C2 H4 O2 . x H2 O4 S . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9

CMF H2 O4 S

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

HO-C-CH3

```
17 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
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3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:339317

REFERENCE 2: 137:339217

REFERENCE 3: 133:137001

REFERENCE 4: 124:319956

REFERENCE 5: 123:173199

REFERENCE 6: 120:273335

REFERENCE 7: 117:92506

REFERENCE 8: 113:80801

REFERENCE 9: 113:80742

REFERENCE 10: 110:121016

L89 ANSWER 8 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **9004-34-6** REGISTRY

CN Cellulose (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN .alpha.-Cellulose

CN .beta.-Amylose

CN 3mAQUACEL

CN 402-2B

CN Alicell LV

CN Alpha Cel PB 25

CN Alphafloc

CN Arbocel

CN Arbocel B 00

CN Arbocel B 600

CN Arbocel B 600/30

CN Arbocel B 800

CN Arbocel B 820C

CN Arbocel BC 1000

CN Arbocel BC 200

CN Arbocel BE 600

CN Arbocel BE 600/10

CN Arbocel BE 600/20

CN Arbocel BE 600/30

CN Arbocel BEM

CN Arbocel BFC 200

CN Arbocel BWW 40

```
Arbocel DC 1000
CN
     Arbocel FD 00
CN
CN
     Arbocel FD 600/30
CN
     Arbocel FIC 200
CN
     Arbocel FT 40
     Arbocel FT 600/30H
CN
CN
     Arbocel G 350
CN
     Arbocel TF 30HG
CN
    Arbocel TP 40
CN
    Avicel
CN
    Avicel 101
CN
    Avicel 102
CN
    Avicel 2330
    Avicel 2331
CN
    Avicel 955
CN
    Avicel CL 611
CN
    Avicel E 200
CN
    Avicel F 20
CN
    Avicel FD 100
CN
    Avicel FD 101
CN
CN
    Avicel FD-F 20
    Avicel M 06
CN
    Avicel M 15
CN
    Avicel M 25
CN
CN
    Avicel NT 020
    Avicel PH 101
CN
CN
    Avicel PH 102
CN
    Avicel PH 105
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for
     DISPLAY
     12656-52-9, 9012-19-5, 9037-50-7, 9076-30-6, 58968-67-5, 99331-82-5,
DR
     67016-75-5, 67016-76-6, 51395-76-7, 61991-21-7, 61991-22-8, 68073-05-2,
     70225-79-5, 74623-16-8, 75398-83-3, 77907-70-1, 84503-75-3, 89468-66-6,
     39394-43-9
     Unspecified
MF
     PMS, COM, MAN
CI
PCT Manual registration, Polyother, Polyother only
     STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
LC
       CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST,
       CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB,
       IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC,
       PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, TULSA, ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL,
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
           59883 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
            7155 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
           59935 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
            1: 137:362153
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                137:362117
REFERENCE
                137:362097
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                137:360107
REFERENCE
                137:358272
            5:
```

REFERENCE

6: 137:358231

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REFERENCE
              7: 137:358228
                 137:358223
REFERENCE
              8:
              9:
                 137:358216
REFERENCE
REFERENCE 10: 137:358192
L89 ANSWER 9 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN
     7664-93-9 REGISTRY
     Sulfuric acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
CN
     BOV
CN
     Brimstone acid
CN
     Contact acid
CN
     Dihydrogen sulfate
CN
     Dipping acid
CN
     Oil of vitriol
CN
     Sulphuric acid
CN
     Vitriol brown oil
FS
      3D CONCORD
DR
     127529-01-5, 119540-51-1, 140623-70-7
MF
     H2 O4 S
CI
     COM
                    AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
LC
     STN Files:
        CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
        CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*, DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT2, ENCOMPPAT2,
        GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, TULSA,
        ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VTB
           (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
          (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

#### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

74164 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
3849 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
74238 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:362002
REFERENCE 2: 137:361560
REFERENCE 3: 137:361478
REFERENCE 4: 137:361395
REFERENCE 5: 137:361374

```
6: 137:360909
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            7:
               137:360272
REFERENCE
            8: 137:360225
            9:
               137:359474
REFERENCE
REFERENCE 10: 137:359472
L89 ANSWER 10 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN
     108-24-7 REGISTRY
    Acetic acid, anhydride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Acetic anhydride (8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
    Acetic oxide
CN
     Acetyl acetate
ÇN
     Acetyl anhydride
CN
CN
     Acetyl ether
     Acetyl oxide
CN
     Ethanoic anhydride
CN
FS
     3D CONCORD
MF
     C4 H6 O3
CI
     COM
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
LC
     STN Files:
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DETHERM*, DIPPR*,
       EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN*, HODOC*,
       HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC,
       PDLCOM*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, TULSA,
       ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Ac- 0- Ac
```

REFERENCE

#### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

12564 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 324 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 12588 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE) 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

1: 137:361976 REFERENCE 137:360314 REFERENCE 2: 137:360311 REFERENCE 3: 137:360228 REFERENCE 4: 5: 137:354675 REFERENCE 137:354396 REFERENCE 6:

7: 137:353936

8: 137:353815 REFERENCE REFERENCE 9: 137:353779 REFERENCE 10: 137:353193 L89 ANSWER 11 OF 11 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS RN **64-19-7** REGISTRY CN Acetic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: acetic acid CN CN Aci-Jel Ethanoic acid CN CN Ethanoic acid monomer CN Ethylic acid CN Glacial acetic acid CN Methanecarboxylic acid CN Vinegar acid FS 3D CONCORD DR 77671-22-8 MF C2 H4 O2 CI COM ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOBUSINESS, LC STN Files: BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM\*, DIOGENES, DIPPR\*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN\*, HODOC\*, HSDB\*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM\*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS\*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, TULSA, ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB (\*File contains numerically searchable property data) DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\* Other Sources:

REFERENCE

# \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

68275 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 3501 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 68366 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE) 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

1: 137:362147 REFERENCE REFERENCE 2: 137:362002 137:361395 REFERENCE 3: 137:361387 REFERENCE 4: 137:360354 REFERENCE 5: 6: 137:360271 REFERENCE 7: 137:359860 REFERENCE 8: 137:359406

REFERENCE 9: 137:358242

REFERENCE 10: 137:358179

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L91 ANSWER 1 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 181488-63-1 REGISTRY

CN .beta.-L-Glucopyranose, 1,6-anhydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

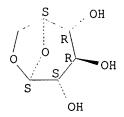
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H10 O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 128:205045

REFERENCE 2: 125:247436

L91 ANSWER 2 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 107795-40-4 REGISTRY

CN .beta.-Glucopyranose, 1,6-anhydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN .beta.-DL-Glucopyranose, 1,6-anhydro-

CN 6,8-Dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane, .beta.-DL-glucopyranose deriv.

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H10 O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Relative stereochemistry.

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:266870

REFERENCE 2: 107:7464

L91 ANSWER 3 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 13051-71-3 REGISTRY

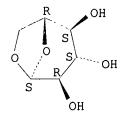
CN Glucopyranose, 1,6-anhydro-, .alpha.-D- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H10 O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CAOLD, CHEMINFORMRX, GMELIN\*, SPECINFO (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



#### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

# 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L91 ANSWER 4 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 1310-73-2 REGISTRY

CN Sodium hydroxide (Na(OH)) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Sodium hydroxide (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Aetznatron

CN Ascarite

CN Caustic soda

CN Collo-Grillrein

CN Collo-Tapetta

CN GR

CN GR (alkali reagent)

CN Soda, caustic

CN White caustic

DR 8012-01-9

MF H Na O

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM\*, DIOGENES, DIPPR\*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2, GMELIN\*, HSDB\*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM\*, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS\*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, TULSA, ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU, VTB (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

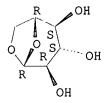
Other Sources: DSL\*\*, EINECS\*\*, TSCA\*\*

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

60610 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

```
Na-OH
```

```
392 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
           60682 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
            1: 137:361798
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                137:360572
REFERENCE
                137:359480
            3:
REFERENCE
                137:359437
            4:
REFERENCE
            5:
                137:359331
                137:358155
REFERENCE
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                137:358067
REFERENCE
            8:
                137:358033
            9:
                137:357908
REFERENCE
REFERENCE 10: 137:357825
L91 ANSWER 5 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     498-07-7 REGISTRY
RN
     .beta.-D-Glucopyranose, 1,6-anhydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     6,8-Dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octane, .beta.-D-glucopyranose deriv.
CN
CN
    D-Glucose, 1,6-anhydro- (6CI)
    Levoglucosan (8CI)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
    1,6-Anhydro-.beta.-D-glucopyranose
CN
     1,6-Anhydro-.beta.-D-glucose
CN
CN
     1,6-Anhydro-D-glucose
CN
     1,6-Anhydroglucose
CN
     Leucoglucosan
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
DR
     112602-30-9
MF
     C6 H10 O5
     COM
CI
     STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
LC
       CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
       DETHERM*, GMELIN*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC,
       PIRA, PROMT, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, EINECS**
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Absolute stereochemistry.
```



## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP', FORMAT\*\*

747 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

24 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

749 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

17 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:283339

REFERENCE 2: 137:279395

REFERENCE 3: 137:251794

REFERENCE 4: 137:201508

REFERENCE 5: 137:187209

REFERENCE 6: 137:142896

REFERENCE 7: 137:128796

REFERENCE 8: 137:113694

REFERENCE 9: 137:110673

REFERENCE 10: 137:95392

#### => d ide can tot 192

L92 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 72270-30-5 REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C2 H4 O2 . x H2 O4 S . x Unspecified

PCT Manual registration

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9

CMF H2 O4 S

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 92:24539

L92 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 63310-04-3 REGISTRY

CN Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, calcium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C2 H4 O2 .  $\times$  Ca .  $\times$  H2 O4 S .  $\times$  Unspecified

PCT Manual registration

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 87:54844

=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:19:03 ON 07 DEC 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Dec 2002 VOL 137 ISS 24 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Dec 2002 (20021206/ED)

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=> d all tot 1100 hitstr

```
L100 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
```

AN 2002:849768 HCAPLUS

DN 137:339317

TI Composition containing cellulose sulfoacetate and surfactant

IN Fleury, Etienne; Harrison, Ian; Royer, Gaeelle; Doublier, Jean-Louis; Saulnier, Luc

PA Rhodia Chimie, Fr.; Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

IC ICM C11D003-22

ICS C11D017-00; A61K007-48; A23L001-0534; D21H021-24; A61K047-38

CC 46-3 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

Section cross-reference(s): 19, 42, 43, 51, 62, 63

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI WO 2002088288 A1 20021107 WO 2002-FR1429 20020425 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

```
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
             TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           FR 2001-5618
                                                             20010426
     FR 2824069
                       Α1
                            20021031
                            20010426
PRAI FR 2001-5618
                       Α
    Thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels of surfactants that dissolve
    rapidly in water contain cellulose sulfoacetate and/or
    at least one of its derivs. These hydrogels are useful in cosmetic
    industry, detergent industry, food additives, paper industry, agrochem.
    industry, pharmaceutical industry, inks, and drilling fluids.
ST
    cellulose sulfoacetate gelling agent surfactant;
    drilling fluid cellulose sulfoacetate surfactant
    hydrogel; ink cellulose sulfoacetate surfactant
    hydrogel; pharmaceutical cellulose sulfoacetate
    surfactant hydrogel; agrochem cellulose sulfoacetate
    surfactant hydrogel; paper industry cellulose
     sulfoacetate surfactant hydrogel; food cellulose
     sulfoacetate surfactant hydrogel; detergent cellulose
     sulfoacetate surfactant hydrogel; cosmetic cellulose
    sulfoacetate surfactant hydrogel
IT
    Surfactants
        (anionic; thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg.
        cellulose sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve
        rapidly in water)
IT
    Surfactants
        (nonionic; thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg.
        cellulose sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve
        rapidly in water)
ΙT
    Gelation agents
    Hydrogels
    Thixotropic materials
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water)
ΙT
    Agrochemicals
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        agrochem. industry)
IT
    Cosmetics
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        cosmetics)
IT
    Detergents
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        detergents)
IT
    Drilling fluids
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        drilling fluids)
ΙT
     Drugs
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        drugs)
     Food additives
IT
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        food additives)
```

```
(thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contq. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        inks)
IT
     Paper
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water for
        paper industry)
IT
     9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); IMF (Industrial
    manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water)
IT
     151-21-3, Sodium dodecyl sulfate, uses
                                              9002-92-0, Polyethylene glycol
                         25155-30-0, Sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate
    monododecyl ether
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water)
RE.CNT
              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Diehl, F; US 3794605 A 1974 HCAPLUS
(2) Hill, E; US 3184421 A 1965 HCAPLUS
(3) Inst Nat Rech Agronomique; FR 2,789080 A 2000 HCAPLUS
(4) Sakai, T; US 3994827 A 1976 HCAPLUS
(5) Salamone, J; US 4321261 A 1982 HCAPLUS
(6) Touey, G; US 3236779 A 1966 HCAPLUS
(7) Unilever; WO 9942548 A 1999 HCAPLUS
ΙT
    9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); FFD (Food or feed use); IMF (Industrial
    manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); BIOL (Biological
    study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (thermoreversible and thixotropic hydrogels contg. cellulose
        sulfoacetate and surfactant that dissolve rapidly in water)
RN
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
CN
    Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
    CRN
         9004-34-6
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    CM
          2
    CRN
         7664-93-9
    CMF
         H2 O4 S
     OH
```

ΙT

Inks

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2

```
HO-C-CH3
L100 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ΑN
    2002:491761 HCAPLUS
    137:339217
DN
TI
    Purification of water-soluble cellulose sulfoacetate
     salts
IN
    Shishova, I. I.; Pyatakina, N. K.; Bon, A. I.; Zhil'tsova, I. A.;
    Solodikhin, N. I.; Gorlova, G. L.
PA
    Russia
SO
    Russ., No pp. given
    CODEN: RUXXE7
DT
    Patent
LA
    Russian
IC
    ICM C08B003-06
     ICS B01D061-00
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                            DATE
     ______
                      ----
                                           _____
                                           RU 1998-120318
                            20010810
                                                            19981112
PΙ
    RU 2171812
                      C2
    The title salts produced by sulfation of partially sapond.
AB
    cellulose acetate with H2SO4 and
    neutralization are subjected to mech. filtration followed by membrane
     filtration (diafiltration) to remove low-mol.-wt. components and
    byproducts, and concn. of purified solns. The polymer membranes having
     selectivity 97-99% for proteins with mol. wt. 20000 are used and the
    process is conducted at 20-25.degree. and pressure 0.1-0.7 MPa.
    cellulose sulfate acetate salt purifn
ST
    membrane filtration; diafiltration cellulose sulfate
    acetate salt purifn
TΤ
    Ultrafiltration
        (diafiltration; purifn. of water-sol. cellulose
        sulfoacetate salts by)
     9004-35-7, UAM
IT
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (membrane, UAM 200; purifn. of water-sol. cellulose
        sulfoacetate salts by ultrafiltration)
    124587-23-1, UPM
TΨ
    RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (purifn. of water-sol. cellulose sulfoacetate salts
        by ultrafiltration)
     9032-44-4DP, Cellulose acetate sulfate
TΤ
     , salts 145268-50-4P, Sodium cellulose
     sulfoacetate 474043-89-5P, Potassium cellulose
     sulfoacetate 474043-90-8P, Barium cellulose
     sulfoacetate
    RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)
        (purifn. of water-sol. cellulose sulfoacetate salts
        by ultrafiltration)
IT
     9032-44-4DP, Cellulose acetate sulfate
     , salts 145268-50-4P, Sodium cellulose
     sulfoacetate 474043-89-5P, Potassium cellulose
     sulfoacetate 474043-90-8P, Barium cellulose
     sulfoacetate
     RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); PREP (Preparation)
```

```
(purifn. of water-sol. cellulose sulfoacetate salts
       by ultrafiltration)
RN
    9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
    Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
         1
    CRN 9004-34-6
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    CM
         2
    CRN 7664-93-9
    CMF H2 O4 S
HO-S-OH
   0
    CM
         3
    CRN 64-19-7
    CMF C2 H4 O2
   0
HO-C-CH3
    145268-50-4 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Cellulose, sulfoacetate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN 9004-34-6
    CMF
         Unspecified
    CCI PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    CM
         2
    CRN 123-43-3
    CMF C2 H4 O5 S
HO_2C-CH_2-SO_3H
    474043-89-5 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
    Cellulose, sulfoacetate, potassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
         1
```

```
9004-34-6
     CRN
     CMF
           Unspecified
     CCI
          PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN
          123-43-3
     CMF
         C2 H4 O5 S
HO_2C - CH_2 - SO_3H
RN
     474043-90-8 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, sulfoacetate, barium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
           9004-34-6
     CRN
          Unspecified
     CMF
     CCI
          PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
           2
     CRN
          123-43-3
         C2 H4 O5 S
     CMF
HO_2C-CH_2-SO_3H
L100 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     2000:535182 HCAPLUS
ΑN
     133:137001
DN
     Method for producing cellulose sulfoacetate
ΤI
     derivatives and products and mixtures thereof
ΙN
     Chauvelon, Gaelle; Saulnier, Luc; Buleon,
     Alain; Thibault, Jean-Francois
     Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique (INRA), Fr.
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     French
     ICM C08B007-00
TC
     ICS C08B003-06
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO. DATE
                        ____
     ______
                                               _____
                                             WO 2000-FR205 20000128
                       A1 20000803
     WO 2000044791
ΡI
         W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
              CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
              SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
```

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,

BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

```
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20000804
     FR 2789080
                       A1
                                           FR 1999-1049
                                                            19990129
     FR 2789080
                       В1
                            20010420
     EP 1165618
                                           EP 2000-901672
                      A1
                            20020102
                                                            20000128
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                           BR 2000-7802
                                                             20000128
     BR 2000007802
                            20020205
                     Α
PRAI FR 1999-1049
                       Α
                            19990129
     WO 2000-FR205
                      W
                            20000128
     A method for directly producing a mixt. of cellulose
AB
     sulfoacetate derivs. by esterification of cellulosic material, is
     characterized in that it comprises the following steps: i) the cellulosic
     material is suspended in a glacial acetic acid
     soln. and the excess acetic acid is eliminated, ii)
     the cellulosic acid that is swollen with acetic acid
     is suspended in a sulfuric acid soln. in
     glacial acetic acid, and iii) the
     cellulose material is made to react by adding acetic
   . anhydride. This process provides products with controlled
     acetylation degree, sulfation 0.2-0.6, controlled d.p., good soly. in
     polar solvents, good rheol. properties., and retention of water in
     presence of salt.
     cellulose acetate sulfate manuf
ST
ΙT
     Gels
        (producing cellulose sulfoacetate deriv.
        thermoreversible gels)
TΨ
     9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
     51910-28-2P, Sodium cellulose acetate
     sulfate 286942-63-0P, Potassium cellulose
     acetate sulfate
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (producing cellulose sulfoacetate derivs.)
              THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Aikhodzhaev, B; VYSOKOMOL SOEDIN, SER A 1982, V24(6), P1317 HCAPLUS
(2) Anon; 1982, 10, HCAPLUS
(3) Eastman Kodak Company; GB 1177480 A 1970 HCAPLUS
(4) Hiatt, G; US 3075962 A 1963 HCAPLUS
(5) Hiatt, G; US 3075963 A 1963 HCAPLUS
(6) Ott; "cellulose and cellulose derivatives part II", Chapter IX 1963, P775
     9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
ΙT
     51910-28-2P, Sodium cellulose acetate
     sulfate 286942-63-0P, Potassium cellulose
     acetate sulfate
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (producing cellulose sulfoacetate derivs.)
RN
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN
         9004-34-6
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          2
     CM
     CRN 7664-93-9
```

CMF H2 O4 S

64-19-7 CRN CMF C2 H4 O2

51910-28-2 HCAPLUS RN

Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM

CRN 9004-34-6

CMF Unspecified

PMS, MAN CCI

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

2 CM

7664-93-9 CRN

H2 O4 S CMF

CM3

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2

286942-63-0 HCAPLUS RN

Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, potassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM1

CRN 9004-34-6

```
CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN
```

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

```
L100 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    1996:367329 HCAPLUS
AN
    125:36155
DN
TI
    Manufacture of cellulose acetate phosphate and
    cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
    molecular structure and their use in product of cellulose
    phosphate and cellulose sulfate
IN
    Wagenknecht, Wolfgang
    Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft zur Foerderung der Angewandten Forschung e.V.,
PA
    Germany
    Ger., 7 pp.
SO
    CODEN: GWXXAW
DT
    Patent
LA
    German
IC
    ICM C08B007-00
     ICS C08B005-00; C08B005-14
CC
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
PΙ
    DE 4435082
                      C1
                            19960418
                                           DE 1994-4435082 19940930
OS
    MARPAT 125:36155
AΒ
    The title mixed esters with phosphate or sulfate groups in the
```

The title mixed esters with phosphate or sulfate groups in the C2, C3, and C6 position are manufd. by deacetylation of cellulose triacetate (I) 0.5-72 h at 20-100.degree. with an amine in an aprotic solvent and phosphation/sulfation. Thus, reaction of I [acetylation degree (DSac) 2.90, OAc group distribution C1 = 1, C3 = 1, C6 = 0.9] with Me2NH in aq. DMSO 20 h at 80.degree. gave a product with DSac 0.85, C2 = 0.05, C3 = 0.15, C6 = 0.7, which was phosphated 6 h at 120.degree. with polyphosphoric acid in DMF in the presence of Bu3N and washed with EtOH contg. 4% NaOH and 8% water to give Na cellulose acetate phosphate with DSac 0.83 and phosphation degree (DSp)

```
1.20, which was deacetylated by treatment with EtOH contg. 4% NaOH
     and 8% water to give Na cellulose phosphate with DSp 0.96 and
     C2/C3 = 0.77 and C6 = 0.19.
ST
     amine deacetylation cellulose triacetate; aprotic solvent
     deacetylation cellulose triacetate; phosphate cellulose
     acetate manuf; sulfate cellulose
     acetate manuf
TT
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (deacetylation agents; manuf. of cellulose acetate
        phosphate and cellulose acetate sulfate
        with definite mol. structure and their use in product of
        cellulose phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
     Deacetylation
TT
        (manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
        mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
TΤ
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (di-, deacetylation agents; manuf. of cellulose
        acetate phosphate and cellulose acetate
        sulfate with definite mol. structure and their use in product
        of cellulose phosphate and cellulose
        sulfate)
TΤ
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (secondary, deacetylation agents; manuf. of cellulose
        acetate phosphate and cellulose acetate
        sulfate with definite mol. structure and their use in product
        of cellulose phosphate and cellulose
        sulfate)
                              124-09-4, 1,6-Hexanediamine, reactions
ΙT
     111-26-2, 1-Hexanamine
     124-40-3, Dimethylamine, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (deacetylation agent; manuf. of cellulose acetate
        phosphate and cellulose acetate sulfate
        with definite mol. structure and their use in product of
        cellulose phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
     9004-35-7P, Cellulose acetate
ΤТ
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (intermediate; manuf. of cellulose acetate
        phosphate and cellulose acetate sulfate
        with definite mol. structure and their use in product of
        cellulose phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
ΤТ
     9005-22-5P, Sodium cellulose sulfate
                                            9038-41-9P,
     Sodium cellulose phosphate
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
        mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
ΙT
     51910-28-2P, Sodium cellulose acetate
               177931-55-4P, Sodium cellulose acetate
     sulfate
     phosphate 177931-56-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
        mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
     9012-09-3, Cellulose triacetate
TΨ
```

```
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
        mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
     67-68-5, DMSO, uses
ΙT
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (solvent; manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
        mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
ΙT
     51910-28-2P, Sodium cellulose acetate
     sulfate 177931-56-5P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (manuf. of cellulose acetate phosphate and
        cellulose acetate sulfate with definite
       mol. structure and their use in product of cellulose
        phosphate and cellulose sulfate)
     51910-28-2 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
          1
     CM
     CRN
          9004-34-6
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
          PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          2
     CM
     CRN 7664-93-9
     CMF H2 O4 S
     CM
          3
     CRN 64-19-7
     CMF C2 H4 O2
HO-C-CH3
     177931-56-5 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
         9004-34-6
     CRN
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI
         PMS, MAN
```

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

```
2
    CM
    CRN
        7664-93-9
    CMF H2 O4 S
HO-S-OH
   0
    CM
          3
    CRN 64-19-7
    CMF C2 H4 O2
HO-C-CH3
L100 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN 1995:781865 HCAPLUS
DN
    123:173199
    Semipermeable cellulose acetate sulfate
TΙ
     Shishova, Irina I.; Bon, Aleksandr I.; Mironova, Lyubov V.; Zhiltsova,
ΙN
    Irina A.; Pyatakina, Nina K.; Galtseva, Olga V.
PA
    Russia
SO
    Russ.
    From: Izobreteniya 1994, (13), 31.
    CODEN: RUXXE7
DT
    Patent
LA
    Russian
    ICM B01D071-16
IC
     43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                           _______
                                          _____
                                          RU 1992-5055062 19920716
    RU 2015725
                      C1
                            19940715
PRAI SU 1992-5055062
                            19920716
AΒ
    Title only translated.
ST
     semipermeable membrane cellulose ester
ΙT
    Membranes
        (semipermeable, cellulose acetate sulfate
        solns. for prepn. of)
ΙT
     9032-44-4, Cellulose acetate sulfate
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (semipermeable membranes from solns. of)
     9032-44-4, Cellulose acetate sulfate
ΙT
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (semipermeable membranes from solns. of)
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
RN
```

CN Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM1 9004-34-6 CRN CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM2 CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S 0 HO-S-OH 0 CM3 CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 0 HO-C-CH3 L100 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1994:273335 HCAPLUS DN 120:273335 ΤI Preparation, properties and application of cellulose acetate sulfate ΑU Pyatakina, N. K.; Kryazhev, V. N. CS USSR SO Khimiya i Tekhnologiya Efirov Tsellyulozy, NPO "Polimersintez", M. (1991) From: Ref. Zh., Khim. 1992, Abstr. No. 12F38 che che. DTJournal LA Russian CC 43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) AΒ Title only translated. STsulfate acetate cellulose property application; acetate sulfate cellulose prepn ΙT 9032-44-4DP, Cellulose acetate sulfate , derivs. RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties and use of) ΙT 9032-44-4DP, Cellulose acetate sulfate , derivs. RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties and use of) RN 9032-44-4 HCAPLUS CN Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

L100 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1992:492506 HCAPLUS ΑN ĎΝ 117:92506 c. Preparation of cellulose (acetate) sulfate TΙ free of foreign salts Wagenknecht, Wolfgang; Ludwig, Juergen; Philipp, Burkart; Walenta, Katja; ΤN Gensrich, Juergen; Paul, Dieter; Schnabelrauch, Mathias; Radig, Wolfram; Boehme, Gottfried; et al. Institut fuer Polymerenchemie, Germany PΑ SO Ger. (East), 5 pp. CODEN: GEXXA8 DΤ Patent LA German ICM C08B007-00 TC ICS C08B005-14 43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) CC FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ 19891227 check. DD 298790 A5 19920312 DD 1989-336317 PΙ The title esters are prepd. by sulfation of cellulose AB

acetate (I) in DMF, esterification of cellulose with H2SO4-Ac2O, or deacetylation, with purifn. under specified conditions. Adding 600 mL ClSO3H in 4 L DMF over 15 min to 2 kg I [degree of substitution (DS) 2.3] in 15 L DMF stirred at .ltoreq.25.degree., stirring at 20.degree. for 2 h, adding 5 kg NaOAc, 12.5 L H2O, and 3 L DMF to give a pH of 6, stirring 30 min, pouring the soln. into 80 L 5% aq. NaOAc, stirring 1 h, washing 3 times with 5% NaOAc and 3 times with EtOH, and drying at 40.degree. in vacuo gave

cellulose acetae sulfate (DS 2.3 and 0.4, resp.) which was free of foreign salts and highly swellable by water. acetate sulfate cellulose salt free; STsulfation cellulose acetate DMF 9032-43-3P, Cellulose sulfate 9032-44-4P, ΙT Cellulose acetate sulfate RL: PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of salt-free) 9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate ΙT RL: PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of salt-free) RN 9032-44-4 HCAPLUS Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CMCRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM 2 CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S CM3 CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 HO-C-CH3 L100 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ΑN 1990:480742 HCAPLUS DN 113:80742 Preparation of soluble cellulose phosphate and sulfate esters in ΤI nonaqueous systems Philipp, Burkart; Wagenknecht, Wolfgang; Nehls, Irene; Schnabelrauch, ΑU Matthias; Klemm, Dieter Inst. Polymerenchem. "Erich Correns", Akad. Wiss. DDR, Teltow-Seehof, CS DDR-1530, Ger. Dem. Rep. Papier (Bingen, Germany) (1989), 43(12), 700-6 SO CODEN: PAERAY; ISSN: 0031-1340 DT Journal LA German

43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

Prepn. of cellulose phosphates and sulfates from derived and

CC AB

```
underived cellulose and the effects of the acylating agent on
    esterification is studied and discussed. In prepn. of anionic water-sol.
    cellulose phosphates and sulfates, synthesis via nonstable
    intermediates was more successful than direct acylation of underived
     forms. In sulfation with SO3 in N2O4/DMF, transesterification as well as
    direct acylation of free OH groups occurred. In phosphation in a nitrite
     system and sulfation of partially substituted cellulose, no
     evidence for transesterification was obsd. The regioselectivity was
    affected by the acylating agent, i.e., in sulfation with NOSO4H as well as
    SO2, sulfation occurred mainly in the C-6 position, but using SO3 and an
    excess of water resulted in a strong shift to C-2/C-3 substitution.
    phosphate cellulose prepn esterification; sulfate
    cellulose prepn esterification; transesterification
    cellulose phosphate sulfate prepn; regioselectivity
    cellulose phosphate sulfate prepn
    Chains, chemical
IT
        (structure of, of cellulose phosphate and sulfate,
        regioselectivity and acylating agent in relation to)
     9004-35-7
ΙT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (esterification and transesterification of, in cellulose
        sulfate prepn.)
ΙT
    10025-87-3, Phosphoryl chloride
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (esterification of cellulose with, regioselectivity in
       relation to)
    7446-11-9, Sulfur trioxide, reactions
                                             7790-94-5, Chlorosulfuric acid
ΙT
    7791-25-5, Sulfonyl dichloride
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of cellulose with, regioselectivity in
       relation to)
    9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
IΤ
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and NMR spectra of)
     9015-14-9P, Cellulose phosphate
                                       9032-43-3P, Cellulose
IT
    sulfate
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, regioselectivity in, acylating agent effect on)
IT
     9004-34-6, Cellulose, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (sulfation and phosphation of, regioselectivity in, acylation agent
        effect on)
     9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
IT
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and NMR spectra of)
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
RN
    Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    CM
    CRN
         9004-34-6
         Unspecified
    CMF
    CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    CM
         2
    CRN 7664-93-9
     CMF H2 O4 S
```

Pyridine, uses and miscellaneous 7664-93-9, Sulfuric

acid, uses and miscellaneous

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

CN

```
(catalysts, for cellulose esterification in DMF-dinitrogen
        tetroxide mixt.)
TT
     55-21-0, Benzamide
                          57-13-6, Urea, uses and miscellaneous
                                                                   60 - 35 - 5,
     Acetamide, uses and miscellaneous 88-97-1, Phthalic acid monoamide
     619-80-7, 4-Nitrobenzamide 638-32-4, Succinic acid monoamide
     5329-14-6, Sulfamic acid 13765-36-1, Sulfamic acid ammonium salt
     107990-50-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (cellulose esterification in DMF-dinitrogen tetroxide mixt.
        in presence of)
     68-12-2, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (dinitrogen tetroxide mixt., cellulose esterification in)
     9004-34-6, Cellulose, reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, in DMF-dinitrogen tetroxide mixt.)
                                     9004-44-8P,
     9004-35-7P, Cellulose acetate
TT
     Cellulose phthalate 9004-70-0P, Cellulose nitrate
     9015-14-9P, Cellulose phosphate 9032-43-3P, Cellulose
     sulfate 9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate
               9032-47-7P, Cellulose benzoate
                                                9032-48-8P,
     sulfate
     Cellulose acetate nitrate
                                 9062-25-3P,
     Cellulose 4-nitrobenzoate
                                 57126-19-9P, Cellulose
                 57126-98-4P 62930-93-2P, Cellulose acetate
     succinate
     benzoate
                107852-17-5P
                               107852-18-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, in DMF-dinitrogen tetroxide mixt.)
TT
     108-24-7, Acetic anhydride 7664-93-9
     , Sulfuric acid, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts, for cellulose esterification in DMF-dinitrogen
        tetroxide mixt.)
     108-24-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     Acetic acid, anhydride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
Ac- 0- Ac
     7664-93-9 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     Sulfuric acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     - OH
IT
     9004-34-6, Cellulose, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification of, in DMF-dinitrogen tetroxide mixt.)
RN
     9004-34-6 HCAPLUS
CN
     Cellulose (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     9032-44-4P, Cellulose acetate sulfate
ΙT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, in DMF-dinitrogen tetroxide mixt.)
RN
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN

#### \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

L100 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1980:43464 HCAPLUS

DN 92:43464

TI Rapid hydrolysis of celluloses in homogeneous solution

AU Garves, Klaus

CS Inst. Wood Chem. Chem. Technol. Wood, Fed. Res. Cent. For. Forest Prod., Hamburg, 2050, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Advances in Chemistry Series (1979), Volume Date 1978, 181(Hydrolysis Cellul.: Mech. Enzym. Acid Catal.), 159-65
CODEN: ADCSAJ; ISSN: 0065-2393

DT Journal

LA English

CC 43-2 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

AB Dissoln. of cellulose (I) [9004-34-6], cotton, and cotton linters in a mixt. of AcOH, Ac2O, H2SO4, and DMF at 120-60.degree. resulted in rapid and complete hydrolysis of I with decompn. of the cellulose acetate sulfate formed by gradual addn. of aq. acid. Highly cryst. I is quickly decompd. to glucose with min. byproduct formation. Carbohydrate products contg. sugar units other than glucose, are hydrolyzed with destruction of monosaccharides.

ST cotton hydrolysis sulfuric acid DMF; acetic acid DMF hydrolysis cellulose; linter homogeneous hydrolysis acid soln

IT Cotton

Linters

(hydrolysis of, in DMF contg. acetic acid and sulfuric acid, homogeneous)

```
IT
     Hydrolysis
        (of cellulose, by DMF contg. acetic acid
        and sulfuric acid, homogeneous)
     9032-44-4P
ΙT
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
        (formation of, in homogeneous hydrolysis of cellulose by DMF
        contg. acetic acid and sulfuric
        acid)
     108-24-7
                7601-90-3, reactions 7664-93-9, reactions
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (hydrolysis by DMF and acetic acid and, of
        cellulose)
IT
     64-19-7, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrolysis by DMF and sulfuric acid and, of
        cellulose)
IT
     75-12-7, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrolysis by acetic acid and sulfuric
        acid and, of cotton)
ΙT
     9004-34-6, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrolysis of, in DMF contg. acetic acid and
        sulfuric acid, homogeneous)
IT
     9032-44-4P
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
        (formation of, in homogeneous hydrolysis of cellulose by DMF
        contg. acetic acid and sulfuric
        acid)
RN
     9032-44-4 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
     CRN
          9004-34-6
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
         7664-93-9
     CRN
         H2 O4 S
     CMF
     OH
     CM
```

CRN

64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

```
0
HO-C-CH3
     108-24-7 7664-93-9, reactions
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (hydrolysis by DMF and acetic acid and, of
        cellulose)
RN
     108-24-7 HCAPLUS
     Acetic acid, anhydride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
Ac- 0- Ac
RN
     7664-93-9 HCAPLUS
     Sulfuric acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
HO-S-OH
   0
     64-19-7, reactions
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrolysis by DMF and sulfuric acid and, of
        cellulose)
RN
     64-19-7 HCAPLUS
     Acetic acid (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
   0
HO-C-CH3
     9004-34-6, reactions
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrolysis of, in DMF contg. acetic acid and
        sulfuric acid, homogeneous)
     9004-34-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Cellulose (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
L100 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1977:108283 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     86:108283
ΤI
     Alkali cellulose ester sulfates
IN
     Tunc, Deger C.
PΑ
     Johnson and Johnson, USA
     U.S., 9 pp. Division of U.S. 3,897,782.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
     C08B007-00
IC
NCL
     536059000
```

43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

```
FAN.CNT 2
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                                             19750220 ك
     US 4005251
                            19770125
                                           US 1975-551570
PΙ
                       A
                            19750805
                                           US 1974-431455
                                                             19740107
     US 3897782
                       Α
                            19750708
                                           NO 1974-4492
                                                             19741212
     NO 7404492
                       Α
     DK 7406625
                            19750825
                                           DK 1974-6625
                                                             19741218
                       Α
     AU 7476730
                       Α1
                            19760624
                                           AU 1974-76730
                                                             19741220
                                           SE 1975-61
                            19750708
                                                             19750103
     SE 7500061
                       Α
                                           FI 1975-16
                                                             19750106
     FI 7500016
                       Α
                            19750708
     FR 2256748
                            19750801
                                           FR 1975-253
                                                             19750106
                      Α1
                            19750707
                                           BE 1975-152206
                                                             19750107
     BE 824174
                      Α1
                            19750709
                                           NL 1975-174
                                                             19750107
     NL 7500174
                      Α
     ZA 7500128
                       Α
                            19760825
                                           ZA 1975-128
                                                             19750107
                            19750708
                                           NO 1975-3401
                                                            19751008
     NO 7503401
                       Α
                            19740107
PRAI US 1974-431455
                            19741212
     NO 1974-4492
     Sulfating cellulose pulp with a mixt. contg. AcOH,
AB
     Ac20, Na2SO4, and H2SO4, acetylating with Ac20
     , and pptg. in aq. NaOH soln. gave sodium cellulose
     acetate sulfate (I) [51910-28-2] with 0.1-0.45
     and 1.63-2.69 sulfate and Ac substitution degree (SD), resp.,
     useful for manuf. of barrier films for body exudates. Thus, a mixt. of
     Ac20 162.9, AcOH 52.5, Na2SO4 30.8, and 98%
     H2SO4 20.15 g was added to a slurry of 400 g pulp in 2000 g
     AcOH, stirred for 30 min at <32.degree., and treated with 112.0 g
     {\tt H2SO4} to give sulfated pulp, which was treated with 1080 g
     Ac20, stirred for 2 h at 32.degree., and poured into 6000 mL H20
     while simultaneously adding 50% NaOH to maintain pH 5.3 to give
     528.9 q I with 0.36 and 2.40 sulfate and Ac SD, resp., sol. in
     aq. Me2CO, with 328 s break-up time in distd. H2O in the slow break-up
     test, and 7479 psi dry tensile strength. Sulfation of cellulose
     acetate butyrate also gave sodium cellulose
     acetate butyrate sulfate [57485-48-0].
ST
     sodium cellulose acetate sulfate;
     cellulose ester sulfate manuf
IT
     Pulp, cellulose
        (sulfation and acetylation of)
                   57485-48-0P
IT
     51910-28-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of)
ΙT
     51910-28-2P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of)
RN
     51910-28-2 HCAPLUS
     Cellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     СM
     CRN
          9004-34-6
          Unspecified
     CMF
     CCI
         PMS, MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN 7664-93-9
     CMF H2 O4 S
```

CM 3

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

```
L100 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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1976:8844 HCAPLUS

84:8844 DN

Body fluid-impermeable films for sanitary napkins ΤI

ΙN

PA Johnson and Johnson, USA

SO Ger. Offen., 33 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LΑ German

IC C08B

CC 62-1 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

FAN.	CNT 2					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	DE 2461870	A1	19750717	DE	1974-2461870	19741230
	US 3897782	Α	19750805	US	1974-431455	19740107←
	NO 7404492	А	19750708	NO	1974-4492	19741212
	DK 7406625	Α	19750825	DK	1974-6625	19741218
	AU 7476730	A1	19760624	AU	1974-76730	19741220
	SE 7500061	A	19750708	SE	1975-61	19750103
	FI 7500016	Α	19750708	FI	1975-16	19750106
	FR 2256748	A1	19750801	FR	1975-253	19750106
	BE 824174	A1	19750707	BE	1975-152206	19750107
	NL 7500174	Α	19750709	NL	1975-174	19750107
	ZA 7500128	Α	19760825	ZA	1975-128	19750107
	NO 7503401	Α	19750708	NO	1975-3401	19751008
PRAI	US 1974-431455		19740107			
	NO 1974-4492		19741212	~:		

Films impermeable to body fluids (blood and urine), but which decompd. in AΒ water, as when flushed in a toilet, were prepd. from cellulose C1-4 acyl ester sulfate resins having a degree of sulfate substitution of 0.27-0.36. For example, an aq. cellulose slowly was treated with H2SO4 and Na acetyl sulfate, and the cellulose sulfate deriv. was acylate with acetic anhydride to give a soln. of sodium cellulose acetate sulfate [ **51910-28-2**], with an **SO42**- substitution degree of 0.36. The soln. was poured onto a silicone release paper and evapd. to give a light-permeable flexible film. The compn. of the cellulose

ester sulfate obtained was varied by changing the concns. of

H2SO4 and acetic anhydride used. The use of

these films in flushable sanitary napkins and similar products is illustrated. cellulose ester sulfate film ST ΙT Surgical dressings (sanitary napkins, cellulose acetate sulfate films for) 51910-28-2 57485-48-0 ΙT RL: BIOL (Biological study) (films of, for sanitary napkins) ΙT 51910-28-2 RL: BIOL (Biological study) (films of, for sanitary napkins) 51910-28-2 HCAPLUS RNCellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CM 1 CRN 9004-34-6 Unspecified CMF PMS, MAN CCI \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM2 CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S HO-S-OH CM 3 CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 0 HO-C-CH3 L100 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1972:528338 HCAPLUS AN77:128338 DN Synthesis and study of the properties of cellulose TIsulfoacetates ΑU Mirlas, D. L. CS USSR Tr. Vses. Nauch.-Issled. Inst. Tsellyul.-Bum. Prom. (1971), No. 59, 15-19 SO CODEN: TNTBAQ DT Journal LA Russian 43-3 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products) CC Acetylation of cotton in the presence of H2SO4 as the catalyst AΒ gave mixed esters: cellulose acetate sulfates

(I) [9032-44-4]; I contg. 17.2% of chem. bonded H2SO4 was insol. in acetone. The hydrolysis of I with 98-9% AcOH soln., without neutralization of the sulfate groups and of the free (occluded) H2SO4, gave I contg. 1.0% chem. bonded H2SO4 which was sol. in acetone and had properties similar to cellulose diacetate used in the textile industry. hydrolysis cellulose acetate sulfate; mixed ST ester cellulose IT Hydrolysis (of cellulose acetate sulfate) 9032-44-4P TT RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) IT 9032-44-4P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 9032-44-4 HCAPLUS RN Cellulose, acetate sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CM 1 CRN 9004-34-6 CMF Unspecified CCI PMS, MAN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM 2 7664-93-9 CRN CMF H2 O4 S OH 0 CM 3 CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 HO-C-CH3 L100 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1962:61657 HCAPLUS AN 56:61657 DN OREF 56:11865d-f Cellulose esters containing the sulfonate group ΤI Touey, George P.; Kiefer, John E. IN PΑ Eastman Kodak Co DTPatent

49 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)

LA

Unavailable

```
KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
     PATENT NO.
     ______
                                      US
                                                           19600201 ← -
    US 3008952
                           19611114
PΤ
AΒ
    H2O-sol. cellulose derivs., i.e. cellulose esters
    contg. .alpha.-sulfo aliphatic acyl groups, are prepd. The esters have
    the formula X(OCOCnH2n+1)x[OCOCH(R)OSO2M]y, in which X is a substituted or
    unsubstituted anhydroglucose unit of the cellulose
    chain, n = 1-3, X + Y .ltoreq. 3; R is H or C1-2 alkyl group, and M is H,
    Na, or K. These products are prepd. by treating an .alpha.-sulfoaliphatic
    acid contg. 2-4 C atoms with cellulose by using a fatty acid
    anhydride as an impeller and a basic catalyst. Thus, wood pulp 162 was
    slurried in C5H5N 1000, and .alpha.-sulfoacetic acid 140 and Ac20
    400 parts were added. This mixt. was refluxed 3 hrs. until the wood pulp
    dissolved. The product was pptd. and washed in a soln. of MeOH 80, H2O
    17, and NaOAc 3%, and was dried at 100.degree.. The cellulose
    acetate Na sulfoacetate contained 4.3% S and 32.1% Ac. A
    1% H2O soln. of the product had a viscosity of 500 cp. at 25.degree.
IT
    Cellulose esters
        (with .alpha.-sulfoacyl groups)
    Cellulose acetate, sulfoacetate, Na salt
IT
ΙT
    Acids, standard solns. of
        (.alpha.-sulfo carboxylic, mixed esters with cellulose from
        fatty acid anhydrides)
    123-43-3, Acetic acid, sulfo-
ΙT
        (cellulose acetate ester, Na salt)
    9003-07-0, Propene polymers
TT
        (rayon tow sprayed with, tobacco smoke filter from)
L100 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
    1962:26017 HCAPLUS
AN
    56:26017
DN
OREF 56:5000i,5001a
ΤI
    Properties and potential uses of sodium cellulose
    acetate sulfate, a new water-soluble cellulose
    derivative
    Touey, George P.; Gearhart, William M.
ΑU
    Eastman Kodak Co., Kingsport, TN
CS
    J. Chem. and Eng. Data (1961), 6, 566-9
SO
DT
    Journal
    Unavailable
LA
    49 (Cellulose, Lignin, Paper, and Other Wood Products)
CC
    The title ester (I) was prepd. by treating cellulose with a
AB
    soln. of Na2SO4 and Ac2O in AcOH. The resultant
    material was a neutral, white, granular, free-flowing powder contg. a
    small amt. of urea as a heat stabilizer. The normal moisture content was
    8-10%. The viscosity of 3 solns. was evaluated with respect to stability,
    effect of pH, and compatibility with salt solns. and other H2O-sol.
    polymers. The films prepd. were clear, flexible, and oil resistant.
    addn. of a plasticizer imparts heat sealability at 120.degree..
    Applications of I include: warp size for cellulose
    acetate yarn, adhesive for paper, thickening agent for cheap
    glues, creaming agent for natural rubber latex, material for oilwell
    drilling muds, and a detergent additive to prevent soil deposition during
    laundering.
    Cellulose, sulfate acetate, Na salt
IT
        (and its uses)
    51910-28-2, Cellulose acetate, sulfate
IT
    Na salt
        (and its uses)
    57-13-6, Urea
ŦΨ
        (cellulose acetate sulfate Na salt
       heat-stabilized by)
TΤ
    51910-28-2, Cellulose acetate, sulfate
```

Na salt (and its uses) 51910-28-2 HCAPLUS RNCellulose, acetate hydrogen sulfate, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN CMCRN 9004-34-6 Unspecified CMF CCI PMS, MAN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM 2 CRN 7664-93-9 CMF H2 O4 S OH CM 3 CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2 HO-C-CH3 L100 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ΑN 1919:13914 HCAPLUS 13:13914 DN OREF 13:2760h-i,2761a-e Chloroform-and acetone-soluble cellulose acetate ΤI ΑU Ost., H. SO Z. angew. Chem. (1919), 32, 66-70,76-9,82-9 DT Journal LA Unavailable CC 23 (Cellulose and Paper) cf. C. A. 7, 3836, 2303. This article deals only with cellulose AB acetates in which the cellulose molecule has not been broken down. The general methods of prepn. and analysis are briefly reviewed. O. claims his method of sapon. with cold 50% H2SO4 (by vol.) followed by steam distn. is better than that of Knoevenagel (C. A. 9, 524), using alkali without distn. The different methods of prepg. cellulose triacetate are compared as well as the products. The following catalysts are considered: ZnCl2, H2SO4, (NH3Me) 2SO4; also the general subjects of incomplete esterification, acetylation of hydrocellulose, behavior of primary acetates toward hot dil. acids, pseudo acetone soly., acetone soly., and methods of obtaining it. Many references are given to both patent and technical literature; also

many analyses of typical products. All cellulose acetates made with catalysts containing the sulfate

radical, contain sulfoacetate; the acetylation is incomplete; and low temp. and longer time favor low sulfoacetate content. The mixed esters containing sulfoacetate are slimy, undergo partial sapon. when pptd. with H2O, dissolve only partially or not at all in chloroform, dissolve in alcohol and as % H2SO4 increases, in water. H2SO4 is split off when the sulfoacetates are boiled with water, and where % H2SO4 is high, a spontaneous sapon. occurs even in the dry, with gradual loss of AcOH. All primary acetates give a part sol. in pure acetone, but on evapn. of the acetone soln. the residue is not again completely sol. in acetone. Furthermore, the part originally insol. in acetone if dissolved in CHCl3, on evapn. of the CHCl3 becomes partially sol. in acetone. These are examples of "pseudo" acetone soly. All non-degraded cellulose acetates are considered as derivs. of hydrocellulose. No primary acetate is acetone-sol., and only certain secondary acetates. The sol. secondary acetates are derived from the former on partial sapon., always contain less AcOH, and are almost free from H2SO4. Dil. aq. mineral acids saponify readily but do not give acetone-sol. products. H2SO4-bisulfates, and methylammonium sulfate with a little H2O, give acetone-sol. products in AcOH soln. Particularly good acetone soly. may be obtained by heating acetates made with ZnCl2 with 95% AcOH; or with aniline or phenol with or without H2O. Acetone soly. does not depend on any particular degree of sapon. The claim that acetone soly. is due to a rearrangement and not to sapon. is erroneous and based on incorrect detn. of the AcOH content.

=> fil wpix FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 13:37:06 ON 07 DEC 2002 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 DEC 2002 <20021204/UP>
MOST RECENT DERWENT UPDATE: 200278 <200278/DW>
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

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   available in the /ABEX field. An additional search field
   /BIX is also provided which comprises both /BI and /ABEX <<</pre>
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- => d all abeq tech abex tot

L121 ANSWER 1 OF 3 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT AN 2000-543366 [49] WPIX

DNC C2000-161640

TI Cellulose acetate preparation from cellulose, by swelling in acetic acid, suspending in sulfuric-acetic acid solution and reacting with acetic anhydride, giving water-soluble, high viscosity product useful as thickener.

DC A11 D17

```
BULEON, A; CHAUVELON, G; SAULNIER, L; THIBAULT, J F; THIBAULT, J
IN
     (INRG) INRA INST NAT RECH AGRONOMIQUE
PΑ
CYC
     WO 2000044791 A1 20000803 (200049)* FR
                                              26p
                                                     C08B007-00
PΙ
        RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL
            OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
         W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES
            FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS
            LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL
            TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
                   A1 20000804 (200049)
                                                     C08B007-00
                                                                     <---
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                                                     C08B007-00
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     AU 2000022997 A
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                                                     C08B007-00
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                  A1 20020102 (200209)
                                        FR
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            RO SE SI
     BR 2000007802 A 20020205 (200213)
                                                     C08B007-00
    WO 2000044791 A1 WO 2000-FR205 20000128; FR 2789080 A1 FR
ADT
     1999-1049 19990129; AU 2000022997 A AU 2000-22997 20000128; EP 1165618 A1
     EP 2000-901672 20000128, WO 2000-FR205 20000128; BR 2000007802 A
     BR 2000-7802 20000128, WO 2000-FR205 20000128
    AU 2000022997 A Based on WO 200044791; EP 1165618 A1 Based on WO
FDT
     200044791; BR 2000007802 A Based on WO 200044791
                      19990129
PRAI FR 1999-1049
     ICM C08B007-00
IC
     ICS C08B003-06; C08B005-14; C08J003-075
     WO 200044791 A UPAB: 20001006
AB
     NOVELTY - Direct preparation of a mixture (I) of water-soluble cellulose
     sulfo-acetate derivatives by esterification of a cellulosic material (II)
     involves: (i) suspending (II) in a solution of glacial acetic acid and
     removing the excess acetic acid; (ii) suspending the acetic acid-swollen
     product in a solution of sulfuric acid in glacial acetic acid; and (iii)
     adding acetic anhydride and reacting.
          DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for (I)
     obtained by the process, in which the degree of acetylation is 1.5-2.4.
          USE - (I) are water-soluble cellulose acetate derivatives which have
     water-retaining properties and form thermo-reversible, partially
     thixotropic gels (claimed). They are potentially useful as thickeners (due
     to their high viscosity); no specific applications are given.
          ADVANTAGE - The process gives (I) directly (i.e. with no need for a
     preliminary stage for the deacetylation of cellulose triacetate) and with
     almost no depolymerization of the cellulose chain. (I) have controllable
     and variable degrees of acetylation and polymerization (depending on
     (II)); high solubility in water and polar solvents; and good rheological
     properties, i.e. high viscosity, similar to those of associated polymers.
     Dwg.0/2
     CPI
FS
FΑ
     AΒ
     CPI: A03-A02; A03-A03; A10-A; A10-E07; A10-E24; D06-H
MC
                    UPTX: 20001006
TECH
     TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - POLYMERS - Preferred Process: The process further
     comprises: (iv) terminating the reaction by adding aqueous acetic acid
     solution; (v) optionally centrifuging; (vi) washing and discarding any
     sediment formed; (vii) adding water to precipitate any cellulose
     triacetate formed; (viii) centrifuging and discarding the sediment; (ix)
     neutralizing the supernatant, optionally with cooling; (x) dialyzing the
     obtained precipitate; and (xi) lyophilizing the solution. Preferably in
     step (vi) the sediment is washed 3 times with acetic acid then 3 times
     with deionized water; in step (vii) the mixture is kept at 4degreesC for
     ca.16 hours; and step (ix) involves slow addition of sodium hydroxide
     solution to give a pH of 7.5, and is carried out with cooling in an ice
     bath while continuously monitoring the pH such that it does not exceed 8.
     Acetic anhydride is used at 3-7 (preferably 3.2) moles
```

per mole of anhydroglucose. Esterification is carried out for

1-60 (preferably 20-30) minutes at 25-80 (preferably ca. 40) degreesC. (II) consists of purified cellulosic residues obtained from agricultural by-products, especially cereal (e.g. wheat or maize) bran; wood (e.g. pine) cellulose; or microcrystalline cellulose. Preferred Product: (I) has a degree of sulfation of 0.2-0.6 (preferably 0.3), and is specifically sulfated only in the 6-positions of the anhydroglucose units. The viscosity average degree of polymerization of (I) is almost identical with that of (II), e.g. 210-1500. The intrinsic viscosity of (I) is 600-1500 ml/g. (I) have water-retention properties, in that they swell up to 200 ml/g in presence of salts, while remaining insoluble. (I) are free of triacetyl derivatives, and are thermally stable for 16 hours at 80degreesC.

ABEX

EXAMPLE - Avicel (RTM; 97.4% pure, highly crystalline cellulose having a degree of polymerization of 210) was suspended in acetic acid solution (50 g/1) with stirring for 15 minutes at ambient temperature. After centrifugation at 2250 g for 10 minutes at 20degreesC, the supernatant was discarded. This procedure was repeated twice. The cellulose (50 g/l) was then immersed at room temperature in a solution of acetic acid and sulfuric acid (12 g/l), followed by stirring for 1 minute at room temperature. Acetic anhydride (3.2 moles per mole anhydroglucose) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 1 minute then further stirred for 30 minutes at 40degreesC. Reaction was terminated by adding a 70% solution of acetic acid, followed by stirring at ambient temperature for 30 minutes. After centrifugation at 2250 g for 10 minutes at 35degreesC, the supernatant was recovered and the sediment was washed 3 times with acetic acid then 3 times with deionized water. The washings were combined with the supernatant. The obtained solution was added slowly to 4 times its volume of deionized water under stirring, and the mixture was kept at 4degreesC for 16 hours to precipitate any cellulose triacetate present. The supernatant was recovered by centrifugation at 17500 g for 20 minutes at 4degreesC, neutralized to pH 7.5 by slow addition of 4M sodium hydroxide solution and cooled in an ice-bath. The obtained precipitate was dialyzed against deionized water until the conductivity of the dialysis water was below 1 muS/cm. The obtained cellulose sulfo-acetate contained 531 mg/g of cellulose, had a degree of acetylation of 2.3 and a degree of sulfation of 0.3, was non-crystalline and had an intrinsic viscosity of 1470 ml/g. The esterification yield was 1.7 g/g.

```
L121 ANSWER 2 OF 3 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
ΑN
     1988-312832 [44]
                        WPIX
DNC
     C1988-138514
     Prepn. of cellulose sulphate - by treating
ΤI
     cellulose with sodium, potassium, ammonium or magnesium
     sulphate or pyrosulphate in DMF.
DC
     A11 A81
     BILDYUKEVI, A V; GERT, E V; TORGASHOV, V I
IN
     (BELU) BELORUSSIAN LENIN UNIV
PA
CYC
                   A 19880315 (198844)*
                                                4p
PΙ
     SU 1381118
     SU 1381118 A SU 1986-4055508 19860415
ADT
PRAI SU 1986-4055508 19860415
IC
     C08B005-14
AΒ
          1381118 A UPAB: 19930923
     SU
     Cellulose sulphates are obtd. more efficiently when cellulose is reacted
     with a soln. of Na, K, NH4 or Mg sulphate or pyrosulphate in DMF, in the
     presence of additional acetic anhydride taken in amts.
     of 0.48-2.83 g/g. of cellulose. The prod. finds use in the mfr. of
     adhesives, suspensions and emulsifiers.
          ADVANTAGE - Time of reaction is reduced for 12-48 to 3-10 hrs.
     Bul.10/15.3.88.
     0/0
FS
     CPI
```

```
FA
     CPI: A03-A03; A10-E24; A12-A05A; A12-W12C
MC
L121 ANSWER 3 OF 3 WPIX (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT
     1975-39378W [24]
                        WPIX
     Fast and simple prodn. of sulphatized carbohydrates - by
TΤ
     reacting carbohydrates with sulphuric acid and ethers, and removing excess
     acid.
     A11 A96 A97 B04
DC
     (BISC-I) BISCHOFF K H
PΑ
CYC
                  A 19750412 (197524)*
ΡI
     DD 112456
PRAI DD 1974-177003
                     19740307
IC
     C08B005-14; C08B019-02
           112456 A UPAB: 19930831
AB
     Carbohydrates and derivs. are sulphatised by reacting them with H2SO4 to
     which 0.2-5 mole of a liq. ether R1-O-R2 is added (where R1 and R2=alkyl),
     for 2-60 min. at 10-30 degrees C. (I) are sepd. and excess H2SO4 is
     removed with miscible org. solvents (I) are used as additives in the
     prepn. of surface-structures, as emulsion stabilisers in pharmaceutical-,
     cosmetic- and food inds. as well as for analytical or technical separating
     processes. The process is technologically and technically simple and
          Yields are high and prods. pure.
     CPI
FS
FA
     AΒ
MC
     CPI: A03-A01; A10-E12; B04-C02; B12-M06
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:32:17 ON 07 DEC 2002)
                SET COST OFF
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:32:34 ON 07 DEC 2002
                E CELLULOSE/CN
L1
              1 S E3
                E CELLULOSE SULFOACETATE/CN
                E SULFOACETATE/CN
L2
              1 S E4
              4 S 9004-34-6/CRN AND 123-43-3/CRN
L3
L4
              3 S L3 NOT C2H3CLO2
                E CELLULOSE, SULFOACETATE/CN
              3 S E4-E6
L5
              3 S L4, L5
L6
                E ACETIC ACID/CN
L7
              1 S E3
                E SULFURIC ACID/CN
L8
              1 S E3
                E ACETIC ANHYDRIDE/CN
              1 S E3
L9
                E ANHYDROGLUCOSE/CN
                E GLUCOSE, ANHYDRO/CN
                E ANHYDROGLUCOSE
              2 S E3
L10
              1 S L10 NOT C9H18O6
L11
L12
            117 S C6H10O5/MF AND 2/NR
L13
             41 S 197.88.1/RID AND L12
L14
             11 S L13 AND ?GLUCO?/CNS
              4 S L14 NOT ((D OR T)/ELS OR LABELED OR 13C#)
L15
              4 S L11, L15
L16
                E SODIUM HYDROXIDE/CN
L17
              1 S E3
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L18
              1 S GLACIAL ACETIC ACID/CN
L19
              1 S L7, L18
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L20
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              1 S 9004-35-7
L21
L22
              1 S 9032-44-4
              9 S 9004-34-6/CRN AND 64-19-7/CRN AND 7664-93-9/CRN
L23
              6 S L23 NOT (BUTANOATE OR PROPANOATE OR NITRATE)
L24
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L25
             47 S L22 OR L24 OR L6
             15 S CELLULOSE() (SULFOACETATE OR SULPHOACETATE)
L26
             30 S CELLULOSE(L) (SULFOACETATE OR SULPHOACETATE)
L27
L28
             15 S L27 NOT L26
                SEL DN AN 14 7
              2 S E1-E6 AND L28
L29
              6 S L25 AND L26-L29
L30
           1528 S CELLULOSE (L) ACETATE (L) (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L31
            648 S CELLULOSE (S) ACETATE (S) (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L32
            230 S CELLULOSE (5A) ACETATE (5A) (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L33
            133 S CELLULOSE (2A) ACETATE (2A) (SULFATE OR SULPHATE)
L34
L35
             41 S L25 AND L31-L34
             49 S L25, L29, L30, L35
L36
L37
          59990 S L1
L38
         297553 S CELLULOSE?
         301708 S L37, L38
L39
         236105 S CELLULOS?/SC,SX,CW
L40
         445224 S L37-L40
L41
           3333 S L41 AND (L19 OR ACETIC ACID (L)GLACIAL)
L42
L43
           4954 S L41 AND ACETIC ACID
          53985 S L41 AND ACETATE
L44
          57769 S L42-L44
L45
           2642 S L45 AND (L8 OR H2SO4 OR (SULFURIC OR SULPHURIC) () ACID)
L46
            101 S L46 AND (L9 OR ACETIC()(ANHYDRIDE OR OXIDE) OR ACETYL()(ACETA
L47
L48
              0 S L47 AND L16
              1 S L47 AND (ANHYDROGLUCOSE OR ANHYDRO() (GLUCOSE OR GLUCOPYRANOSE
L49
L50
            141 S L36, L34
L51
              4 S L50 AND (L9 OR ACETIC()(ANHYDRIDE OR OXIDE) OR ACETYL()(ACETA
              4 S L50 AND (L16 OR ANHYDROGLUCOSE OR ANHYDRO() (GLUCOSE OR GLUCOP
L52
L53
              8 S L51, L52
L54
              2 S L53 AND L42
              3 S L53 AND L43
L55
              4 S L53 AND (L8 OR H2SO4 OR (SULFURIC OR SULPHURIC) () ACID)
L56
              5 S L54-L56
L57
                E CHAUVELON G/AU
L58
              5 S E3, E4
                E SAULNIER L/AU
             59 S E3, E6, E7
L59
                E BULEON A/AU
            106 S E3, E4
L60
                E THIBAULT J/AU
L61
            257 S E3, E7
             90 S E19, E20
L62
              2 S L58-L62 AND L50
L63
              4 S L57 NOT NONAQUEOUS/TI
L64
              5 S L63, L64
L65
              6 S L29, L65
L66
                SEL DN AN L20 1
              1 S E1-E3 AND L20
L67
L68
             7 S L66, L67
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L69
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L70
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                SEL DN AN 4
L71
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L72
              7 S L68, L71
              1 S L6/P
L73
             11 S L24/P
L74
L75
             9 S L22/P
L76
             14 S L72-L75
L77
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L78
L79
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L80
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L81
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L82
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L83
L84
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L85
              0 S L77 AND (KOH OR (K OR POTASSIUM) () HYDROXIDE)
L86
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L87
             3 S L77 NOT L86
             14 S L86, L87
L8.8
                SEL HIT RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:11:30 ON 07 DEC 2002
L89
             11 S E7-E17
L90
              9 S L1, L19, L8, L9, L16, L17
L91
              5 S L90 NOT L89
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:12:26 ON 07 DEC 2002
              2 S L6, L22, L24 NOT L89-L91
L92
                SEL RN L89 1-7
L93
              7 S E18-E24
L94
              9 S L92, L93
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:15:16 ON 07 DEC 2002
L95
             47 S L94
L96
             35 S L95 NOT L88
                SEL DN AN 7 34
              2 S L96 AND E25-E30
1.97
             16 S L88, L97 AND L20, L25-L88, L95-L97
1.98
              9 S L98 AND (H2SO4# OR SO4 OR ACOH OR AC20)
L99
L100
             16 S L98, L99
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:19:03 ON 07 DEC 2002
     FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 13:19:35 ON 07 DEC 2002
                E WO2000-FR205/AP, PRN
L101
              1 S E3
                E C08B007/IC, ICM, ICS
             55 S E3-E5
T_1102
                E C08B005-14/IC, ICM, ICS
L103
             79 S E3-E5
                E C08B003-06/IC, ICM, ICS
            275 S E3-E5
L104
L105
              3 S L103 AND L104
              6 S L102 AND L103, L104
L106
L107
              8 S L105, L106
                SEL DN AN 2 3
              2 S L107 AND E1-E4
L108
L109
            121 S L102, L103 NOT L105-L108
             59 S L109 AND (SULFAT? OR SULPHAT?)/TI
L110
             46 S L110 AND CELLULO?/TI
L111
L112
             13 S L110 NOT L111
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	SEL DN AN 11
L113	1 S L112 AND E5
L114	1 S L111 AND (?ANHYDROGLUCO? OR ?ANHYDRO GLUCO?)
L115	5 S L102,L103 AND (?ANHYDROGLUCO? OR ?ANHYDRO GLUCO?)
	SEL DN AN 1
L116	1 S E6-E7
L117	7 S L102,L103 AND (ACETIC OR ACETYL)()(ANHYDRIDE OR OXIDE OR ACE
L118	1 S L102,L103 AND (AC20 OR ETHANOIC ANHYDRIDE)
	SEL DN AN 1 5 L117
L119	2 S E8-E11
L120	3 S L101,L113,L116,L119
L121	3 S L120 AND L101-L120

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 13:37:06 ON 07 DEC 2002